SHELBY COUNTY MYRTUE MEMORIAL HOSPITAL D/B/A MYRTUE MEDICAL CENTER

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORTS FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES

YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2020 AND 2019

MYRTUE MEDICAL CENTER

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MYRTUE MEDICAL CENTER Officials June 30, 2020

Board of Trustees:	Address	Term Expires
Terry Torneten, Chairperson	Harlan, Iowa	January, 2022
Jeanine Larsen, Vice-Chairperson	Harlan, Iowa	January, 2020
Leona Konz, Secretary/Treasurer	Shelby, Iowa	January, 2022
Tom Cannon	Elk Horn, Iowa	January, 2022
Kelli Klaassen	Harlan, Iowa	January, 2022
Rick Rasmussen	Defiance, Iowa	January, 2020
Jim Zimmerman	Harlan, Iowa	January, 2022
Chief Executive Officer:		
Barry Jacobsen	Portsmouth, Iowa	
Chief Financial Officer:		
Kristy Hansen	Harlan, Iowa	
Chief Nursing Executive:		
Karen Buman	Harlan, Iowa	

1910 EAST 7th STREET BOX 369 ATLANTIC, IOWA 50022-0369 (712) 243-1800 FAX (712) 243-1265 CPA@GBKCO.COM

MARK D. KYHNN KENNETH P. TEGELS CHRISTOPHER J. NELSON DAVID A. GINTHER

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Trustees Myrtue Medical Center Harlan, Iowa

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Myrtue Medical Center which comprise the statements of net position as of June 30, 2020 and 2019, and the related statements of revenues, expenses and changes in net position, and cash flows for the years then ended, and the related notes to financial statements.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. This includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the Medical Center's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Medical Center's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

To the Board of Trustees Myrtue Medical Center

We believe the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Basis for Qualified Opinion

The financial statements do not include financial data for the Medical Center's legally separate component unit, Shelby County Medical Corporation. Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require the financial data for the component unit to be reported with the financial data of the Medical Center unless the Medical Center also issues financial statements for the financial reporting entity that include the financial data for its component unit. The Medical Center has not issued such reporting entity financial statements (Note A).

Qualified Opinion

In our opinion, except for the effect of omitting the blended component unit, as discussed in the previous section, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Myrtue Medical Center as of June 30, 2020 and 2019 and the changes in its financial position, and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of a Matter

As discussed in Note N, the Medical Center may be adversely affected by the global Novel Coronavirus (COVID-19) pandemic. The Medical Center cannot at this time reasonably estimate the length or severity of this pandemic, or the extent to which the disruptions may impact the Medical Center's financial position, results of operations, or cash flows in 2021 and after. Our conclusion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require Management's Discussion and Analysis, the Budgetary Comparison Schedule, the Schedule of the Medical Center's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability and the Schedule of Medical Center's Contributions on pages 3 through 3f and on pages 29 through 32 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board which considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audits were conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise Myrtue Medical Center's basic financial statements. We previously audited, in accordance with the standards referred to in the third paragraph of this report, the financial statements for the three years ended June 30, 2018 (which are not presented herein) and expressed qualified opinions on those financial statements. The supplementary information on pages 1 and 33 through 39 is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

To the Board of Trustees Myrtue Medical Center

The supplementary information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

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In accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, we have also issued our report dated January 21, 2021 on our consideration of Myrtue Medical Center's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of Myrtue Medical Center's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u> in considering Myrtue Medical Center's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Atlantic, Iowa January 21, 2021



Management of Myrtue Medical Center (Medical Center) provides this Management's Discussion and Analysis of its financial statements. This narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities is for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2020, 2019, and 2018. We encourage readers to consider this information in conjunction with the Hospital's financial statements, which follow.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

The 2020 fiscal year was the fourteenth full year of Critical Access and hospital-based Rural Health Clinic designation for Myrtue Medical Center.

In FY 2020 the Medical Center reported a decrease in operating income of \$2,028,084 when compared to the previous year. Net patient service revenue increased by \$31,441, or .1% from fiscal year 2019 to fiscal year 2020. Operating expenses increased by \$1,893,369, or 4.5% from fiscal year 2019 to fiscal year 2020.

In FY 2019 the Medical Center reported an increase in operating income of \$134,615 when compared to the previous year. Net patient service revenue increased by \$1,246,847, or 3.1% from fiscal year 2018 to fiscal year 2019. Operating expenses increased by \$1,273,267, or 3.1% from fiscal year 2018 to fiscal year 2019.

USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT

The annual report consists of a series of financial statements and other information, as follows:

Management's Discussion and Analysis introduces the basic financial statements and provides an analytical overview of the Medical Center's financial activities.

The basic financial statements consist of a Statement of Net Position, a Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position and a Statement of Cash Flows. These statements provide information about the activities of the Medical Center on a comparative basis, including resources held by the Medical Center but restricted for specific purposes by creditors, contributors, grantors or enabling legislation.

1213 Garfield Ave Harlan, IA 51537 712.755.5161

www.myrtuemedical.org

Suite 101 Harlan, IA 51537 712,755,4344 1213 Chathurn Ave Suite 102 Harlan, IA 51537 712.755.4342 CLINIC LOCATIONS 1220 Chatburn Ave Harlan, IA 51537 301 East St Shelby, IA 51570 712.544.2511 510 North Elm Avoca, IA 51521 712.343.6455 4022 North Main Elk Horn, IA 51531 712.764.4642 100 Industrial Drive Earling, IA 51530 712,747.5700 Harlan, IA 51537

Notes to Financial Statements provide additional information essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the basic financial statements.

Required Supplementary Information further explains and supports the financial statements with a comparison of the Medical Center's budget for the year, the Medical Center's proportionate share of the net pension liability and related contributions.

Supplementary Information provides detailed information about the operations of the Medical Center.

REPORTING THE HOSPITAL'S FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES

The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position

One of the most important questions asked about the Medical Center's finances is, "Is the Medical Center as a whole better or worse off as a result of the year's activities?" The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position report information about the Medical Center's resources and its activities in a way which helps answer this question. These statements include all restricted and unrestricted assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources using the accrual basis of accounting which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the Medical Center's net position, which is the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources less liabilities and deferred inflows of resources as one way to measure the Medical Center's financial health or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the Medical Center's net position are one indicator of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating. Additional factors, such as changes in the Medical Center's patient base, changes in legislation and regulations, measures of the quantity and quality of services it provided to the community, as well as local economic factors to assess the overall health of the Medical Center.

THE STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

The Statement of Cash Flows reports cash receipts, cash payments and net changes in cash resulting from operations, investing, non-capital financing and capital financing activities. It provides answers to such questions as "Where did cash come from?" "What was cash used for?" and "What was the change in cash balance during the reporting period?"

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE MEDICAL CENTER

The Medical Center's net position is the difference between its assets and deferred outflows of resources and combined liabilities and deferred inflows of resources reported in the Statement of Net Position on page 4.

Table 1: Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position

		2020		2019		2018
Assets:						
Current assets	\$	28,084,903	\$	21,047,738	\$	19,551,744
Capital assets, net		31,964,889		33,067,891		34,470,764
Other noncurrent assets		5,405,675		4,578,344		3,569,926
Deferred Outflows of Resources		3,139,670		3,674,479	-	4,230,550
Total assets and deferred outflows						
of resources	<u>\$</u>	68,595,137	<u>\$</u>	62,368,452	<u>\$</u>	61,822,984
Liabilities:						
Long-term debt outstanding	\$	6,868,655	\$	4,324,816	\$	5,106,891
Other current and noncurrent						
liabilities		15,995,280		18,039,867		18,637,606
Deferred Inflows of Resources		6,564,766		2,123,107		1,677,041
Total liabilities and deferred						
inflows of resources		29,428,701		24,487,790		25,421,538
Net Position		39,166,436		27 990 662		26 401 446
Net I osition		39,100,430		37,880,662	-	36,401,446
Total liabilities, deferred inflows						
of resources and net position	\$	68,595,137	<u>\$</u>	62,368,452	\$	61,822,984

Current assets increased by \$7,037,165 from the previous year. Operating cash and certificates of deposit increased by \$5,474,495 from the previous year. Net accounts receivable decreased by approximately \$667,724 from the previous year as well. The increase in operating cash is a reflection of PPP loan proceeds, COVID-19 funding received and the accounts receivable balance.

Capital assets, net have decreased by \$1,103,002 in the past year due to depreciation expense exceeding capital additions.

Other noncurrent assets have increased by \$827,331 due to unused COVID-19 funding received and a decrease in employee health insurance reserves.

Long term debt has increased by \$2,543,839 due to \$3,476,634 PPP loan proceeds net of \$932,795 payment of loan principal.

OPERATING RESULTS AND CHANGES IN THE MEDICAL CENTER'S NET POSITION

In 2020, the Medical Center's net position increased by approximately \$1,286,000 or 3.4 percent, as shown in Table 2. Net position increased by approximately \$1,479,000 or 4.1 percent in 2019.

Table 2: Operating Results and Changes in Net Position

		2020		2019		2018
Operating Revenues: Net patient service revenue Other operating revenues Total operating revenues	\$	41,939,594 670,095 42,609,689	\$	41,908,153 836,251 42,744,404	\$	40,661,306 675,216 41,336,522
Operating Expenses: Salaries and benefits Professional fees Other operating expenses Depreciation Total operating expenses, before IPERS adjustment Operating income (loss), before IPERS adjustment		22,451,915 7,609,866 10,569,757 3,004,305 43,635,843 1,026,154)		21,849,867 7,678,321 9,717,609 2,979,456 42,225,253 519,151		20,850,000 7,392,993 9,817,321 2,621,703 40,682,017
IPERS adjustment	_(803,160)	_(320,381)	_(_	590,350)
Operating income (loss)	(1,829,314)		198,770		64,155
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses): COVID-19 funding County taxes Investment income Noncapital contributions Other nonoperating revenues and expenses, net Nonoperating revenues, net		2,179,354 1,018,536 83,971 19,672 278,667) 3,022,866		1,029,406 220,862 23,098 297,382) 975,984		1,029,619 121,863 19,487 314,931) 856,038
Excess of Revenues over Expenses Before Capital Grants and Contributions		1,193,552		1,174,754		920,193
Grants, Contributions, and Endowments: Capital grants and contributions Increase in Net Position		92,222 1,285,774	<u></u>	304,462 1,479,216		67,018
Net Position Beginning of Year		37,880,662		36,401,446		987,211 35,414,235
Net Position End of Year	<u>\$</u>	39,166,436	\$	37,880,662	\$	36,401,446

OPERATING INCOME

The first component of the overall change in the Medical Center's net position is its operating income (loss), generally the difference between net patient service revenues and the expenses incurred to perform those services. In 2020 the Medical Center had a loss from operations of \$1,829,314, compared to income of \$198,770 in 2019, due to the COVID-19 pandemic.

The approximate primary components of the operating income (loss) are:

An increase in net patient service revenue of \$31,441, a .1 percent increase in 2020 compared to an increase of \$1,247,000 or 3.1 percent in net revenue in 2019.

The increase in salary and benefit costs for the Medical Center's employees was \$1,084,800, a 4.9 percent increase, in 2020 compared to an increase of \$730,000 or 3.4 percent in 2019.

A decrease in professional fee costs of \$68,000, a .9 percent decrease, in 2020 compared to an increase of \$285,000 or 3.9 percent in 2019.

Other operating costs increased by \$852,000, an 8.8 percent increase, in 2020 compared to a decrease of \$100,000 or 1.0 percent in 2019.

An increase in provision for depreciation of \$25,000, a .8 percent increase, in 2020 compared to a decrease of \$358,000 or 13.6 percent in 2019.

Overall expenses increased 4.5 percent or \$1,893,000 in 2020 compared to an increase of 3.1 percent or \$1,273,000 in 2019.

In March 2020, the World Health Organization declared the Novel Coronavirus (COVID-19) a global pandemic and recommended containment and mitigation measures worldwide. Beginning in mid-March through May, 2020, the Medical Center had limited operations per recommendations of the Governor and Department of Public Health. Beginning June 1, 2020, the Medical Center reopened with modifications to its operations. The effect of the pandemic has caused the Medical Center to report a loss from operations. The Medical Center received approximately \$9.1 million of COVID-19 funding from various sources, of which approximately \$2.2 million has been recognized during fiscal year 2020.

Also, the current shortage of professional caregivers and technologists continues to drive up some salary costs. The Medical Center must keep pace with the industry to compete for the highly sought after professionals. The advent of new technology and medicines requires additional capital and operating expense to provide current standard of care for our patients. The Medical Center works closely with its purchasing partner Vizient to purchase medicines and supplies at the most economical rate possible for an organization of our size. The Medical Center provides health insurance to their employees through a self-funded plan. In 2020, claim experience increased from 2019 resulting in an approximate \$535,000, or 24.2% increase in health insurance costs to the Medical Center.

The Medical Center routinely provides care for patients who have little or no health insurance or other means of repayment. This service to the community is consistent with the goals established for the Medical Center when it was established in 1954. The level of services provided to these patients decreased from \$145,424 in 2020 to \$176,557 in 2019. The Medical Center saw bad debt expense increase with \$1,003,000 in 2020 and \$836,000 in 2019.

NONOPERATING REVENUES AND EXPENSES

Nonoperating revenues consist primarily of property taxes levied by the Medical Center, COVID-19 funding, and investment earnings. The property valuation is calculated as of July 1 each year and used as the basis for tax levies on January 1. Variation in the revenue is a result of changing valuations and actual tax collection for the year. The Medical Center's investment income has increased due to an increase in the market value of stocks.

THE MEDICAL CENTER'S CASH FLOWS

The purpose of the statement of cash flows is to show the readers where cash was generated and how it was spent on a cash basis. The 2020 approximate net cash provided by operating activities was \$990,000. In 2019, approximate net cash provided by operating activities was \$4,002,000.

Net cash provided by non-capital financing activities was approximately \$970,000 in 2019. In 2020, the approximate cash provided from this source was \$6,531,000. The increase of this cash flow comes from COVID-19 funding received.

Net cash used in capital and related financing activities in 2019 was approximately \$2,250,000, due to the Medical Center's equipment additions and payments on long-term debt. In 2020, approximate net cash provided by capital and related financing activities was \$782,000.

Cash flow used in investing activities was approximately \$7,214,000 in 2019. In 2020, approximate net cash used in investing activities was \$2,827,000.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets:

At the end of 2020, the Medical Center had \$31.9 million invested in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, as detailed in Note G to the financial statements. During 2020, the Medical Center spent \$1,714,000 on land, equipment and buildings. In 2019, \$1,614,000 was spent on land, equipment, and building improvements.

Debt:

In 2011, the Medical Center issued \$10,000,000 Capital Revenue Notes to fund Medical Center expansion and renovation project. As of June 30, 2020, \$3,392,021 is outstanding on that note.

The 2011 \$10,000,000 Capital Revenue Notes terms were amended in August, 2013 to take advantage of a lower interest rate.

During 2020, the Medical Center obtained a Payroll Protection Program loan (PPP loan) in the amount of \$3,476,634 to cover the cost of payroll during the COVID-19 pandemic. The Medical Center expects this loan to be forgiven during FY 2021.

BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

The official county budget of the Medical Center for the year ended June 30, 2020 was prepared on a modified accrual basis. As indicated on page 29, actual expenditures were 5% lower than budgeted.

OTHER ECONOMIC FACTORS

The Medical Center will continue to be impacted by the COVID-19 pandemic through FY 2021 and after. The Medical Center cannot reasonably estimate the length or severity of this pandemic, or the extent to which this disruption may materially impact the Medical Center's financial position, its changes in net position or cash flows.

The Medical Center is a rural hospital in west central Iowa. The Medicare program represents about 55% of the revenues the Medical Center receives, and represents the greatest risk to our revenues. Payment changes and revamping of the Program by Congress can have a much larger effect on the Medical Center due to its high percentage of Medicare patients.

The Medical Center has been designated as a Critical Access Hospital (CAH). This designation has resulted in Medicare paying 101% of defined costs for services provided to eligible patients, thereby increasing reimbursement. Effective April 1, 2013 Medicare reimbursement was reduced by 2% under the federal sequestration process.

Effective April 1, 2016, the Iowa Department of Human Services revised its method of paying for services provided to Medicaid patients. This brought an end to Medicaid cost based reimbursement. The effect of this change on the Medical Center cannot currently be determined.

The Medical Center's federally qualified rural health clinics in Harlan, Avoca, Shelby, Elk Horn, and Earling, Iowa also receive cost-based reimbursement from Medicare and Medicaid, which has substantially increased reimbursement to the clinics.

CONTACTING THE MEDICAL CENTER'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our patients, suppliers, taxpayers, and creditors with a general overview of the Medical Center's finances and to show the Medical Center's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Chief Financial Officer, Myrtue Medical Center, 1213 Garfield Avenue, Harlan, Iowa 51537.

* * *

MYRTUE MEDICAL CENTER Statements of Net Position June 30,

ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES

		2020		2019
Current Assets: Cash Certificates of deposit Patient receivables, less allowances for doubtful accounts and for contractual	\$	4,215,366 10,447,779	\$	1,226,695 7,961,955
adjustments (\$3,086,000 in 2020, \$3,062,000 in 2019) Other receivables Related organization receivable, net Inventory Prepaid expense Estimated third-party payor settlements Succeeding year property tax receivable		7,075,392 426,265 15,529 940,543 914,118 145,000 1,047,000		7,743,116 871,081 797,603 657,982 1,002,000
Internally designated assets Total current assets		2,857,911 28,084,903		787,306 21,047,738
Designated and Restricted Assets: Internally designated assets Restricted assets Less amounts required to meet current liabilities		3,552,331 4,099,729 7,652,060 2,857,911		4,184,323 628,118 4,812,441 787,306
Capital Assets:	_	4,794,149		4,025,135
Depreciable capital assets, net Non-depreciable capital assets		29,271,170 2,693,719 31,964,889		30,353,353 2,714,538 33,067,891
Other Assets: Notes receivable Other		6,088 605,438 611,526		14,088 539,121 553,209
Total assets	•	65,455,467		58,693,973
Deferred Outflows of Resources - Pension		3,139,670		3,674,479
Total assets and deferred outflow of resources	<u>\$</u>	68,595,137	<u>\$</u>	62,368,452

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these statements.

LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND NET POSITION

	 2020	 2019
Current Liabilities: Current maturities of long-term debt Accounts payable Accrued employee compensation Payroll taxes withheld and accrued Estimated third-party payor settlements Related organization payable, net Other current liabilities Total current liabilities	\$ 2,425,627 1,547,073 1,660,394 461,226 217,087 6,311,407	\$ 663,062 1,455,220 1,498,411 364,801 1,470,000 159,959 139,481 5,750,934
Long-Term Liabilities: Long-term debt, less current maturities Net pension liability Total long-term liabilities	 4,443,028 12,109,500 16,552,528	 3,661,754 12,951,995 16,613,749
Total liabilities	22,863,935	22,364,683
Deferred Inflows of Resources	6,564,766	2,123,107
Net Position: Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted expendable Unrestricted Total net position	 31,245,506 4,099,729 3,821,201 39,166,436	 28,743,075 628,118 8,509,469 37,880,662

Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and net position \$\\ \\$68,595,137 \\ \\$62,368,452

MYRTUE MEDICAL CENTER Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position Year ended June 30,

	2020	2019
Revenue:		
Net patient service revenue	\$ 41,939,594	\$ 41,908,153
Other revenue	670,095	836,251
Total revenue	42,609,689	42,744,404
Expenses: Salaries and wages Employee benefits Professional fees Supplies and other expenses Provision for depreciation Total expenses	16,717,908 5,734,007 7,609,866 10,569,757 3,004,305 43,635,843	16,662,880 5,186,987 7,678,321 9,717,609 2,979,456 42,225,253
Operating Income (Loss) Before IPERS Pension Accounting Adjustment	(1,026,154)	519,151
IPERS Pension Accounting Adjustment	(803,160)	_(320,381)
Operating Income (Loss)	(1,829,314)	198,770
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses): Investment income COVID-19 funding Noncapital contributions County taxes Other restricted donations, net Interest expense Contracted ambulance service Loss on disposal of assets Non-operating revenues, net	83,971 2,179,354 19,672 1,018,536 1,900 (159,736) (112,200) (8,631) 3,022,866	220,862 23,098 1,029,406 10,338 (160,242) (112,200) (35,278) 975,984
Excess of Revenues Over Expenses Before Capital Grants and Contributions	1,193,552	1,174,754
Capital Grants and Contributions: COVID-19 Other	32,500 59,722 92,222	304,462 304,462
Increase in Net Position	1,285,774	1,479,216
Net Position Beginning of Year	37,880,662	<u>36,401,446</u>
Net Position End of Year	<u>\$ 39,166,436</u>	<u>\$ 37,880,662</u>

MYRTUE MEDICAL CENTER Statements of Cash Flows Year ended June 30,

	2020	2019
Cash flows from operating activities: Cash received from patients and third- party payors Cash paid to suppliers Cash paid to employees Other revenue Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 41,305,034 (24,429,507) (16,555,925) <u>670,095</u> 989,697	\$ 42,428,510 (22,647,882) (16,614,538) <u>836,251</u> 4,002,341
Cash flows from non-capital financing activities: County tax revenue Contracted ambulance service Noncapital contributions - COVID-19 Noncapital contributions - other Net cash provided by non-capital financing activities	1,018,536 (112,200) 5,597,267 27,672 6,531,275	1,029,406 (112,200)
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities: Capital expenditures Proceeds from disposal of assets Proceeds from PPP loan Payments on long-term debt Capital grants and contributions Interest paid Net cash provided by (used in) capital and related financing activities	(1,714,437) 19,700 3,476,634 (932,795) 92,222 (159,736) 781,588	(1,613,878) 2,017 (782,075) 304,462 (160,242) (2,249,716)
Cash flows from investing activities: Change in investments Investment income Change in designated and restricted assets Change in notes receivable Change in other assets Net cash used in investing activities	(2,485,824) 238,667 (513,334) (66,317) (2,826,808)	(6,758,969) 132,764 (517,248) (3,403) (67,614) (7,214,470)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	5,475,752	(4,491,703)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	3,710,861	8,202,564
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	<u>\$ 9,186,613</u>	<u>\$ 3,710,861</u>

(continued next page)

MYRTUE MEDICAL CENTER Statements of Cash Flows - Continued Year ended June 30,

		2020		2019
Reconciliation of cash and cash equivalents to the statements of net position:				
Cash in current assets	\$	4,215,366	\$	1,226,695
Cash in designated and restricted assets		4,971,247	4	2,484,166
_				
Total cash and cash equivalents	<u>\$</u>	9,186,613	<u>\$</u>	3,710,861
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash				
provided by operating activities:				
Operating income (loss)	\$(1,829,314)	\$	198,770
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss)	Ψ	1,027,514)	Ψ	190,770
to net cash provided by operating activities				
Provision for depreciation		3,004,305		2,979,456
Amortization		8,000		8,000
Change in assets and liabilities		,		-,
Accounts receivable		1,154,372		539,624
Inventory	(142,940)	(226,371)
Prepaid expense	(256,136)	`	92,688
Deferred outflows of resources		534,809		556,071
Accounts payable, trade	(123,344)	(1,835)
Related organization receivable	(15,529)		5,776
Accrued employee compensation		161,983		48,342
Estimated third-party payor settlements	(1,615,000)	(12,000)
Payroll taxes withheld and accrued		96,425	(74,561)
Related organization payable	(159,959)		159,959
Other current liabilities	,	77,606	(28,621)
Deferred inflows - other	(173,932)	(7,267)
Net pension liability	(842,495)	(689,023)
Deferred inflows of resources - pension	•	1,110,846		453,333
Total adjustments		2,819,011	-	3,803,571
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	989,697	<u>\$</u>	4,002,341

NOTE A - REPORTING ENTITY AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

1. Reporting Entity

Myrtue Medical Center (the Medical Center) is a critical access county hospital with related healthcare ancillary, outpatient and physician clinic services. The Medical Center is organized under Chapter 347 of the Code of Iowa, accordingly is a political subdivision of the State of Iowa, and is therefore exempt from federal and state income taxes. It is governed by a seven member board of trustees elected for six year terms. The Medical Center has considered all potential component units for which it is financially accountable, and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the Medical Center are such that exclusion would cause the Medical Center's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The criteria for determining financial accountability include: appointing a majority of an organization's governing body, and (a) the Medical Center's ability to impose its will on that organization, or (b) the potential for the organization to provide benefits to or impose financial burdens on the Medical Center.

The Medical Center has one component unit, Shelby County Medical Corporation (SCMC). SCMC contracts physician services to the Medical Center's physician clinics, and virtually all of its transactions are with the Medical Center. It has limited net position and activity other than between SCMC and the Medical Center. Therefore, combining the component unit would not have a material effect on these financial statements (See Note K).

The following summary shows the net increase or (decrease) blending the component would have on the assets, liabilities, net position, revenues and expenses of Myrtue Medical Center as of and for the year ended June 30:

	2020	2019
Assets would increase (decrease) by	\$(69,961)	<u>\$ 124,771</u>
Liabilities would increase by	\$ 393,432	<u>\$ 294,748</u>
Net Position would increase (decrease) by	<u>\$(463,393)</u>	<u>\$(169,977</u>)
Revenues would increase by	<u>\$ 1,798</u>	<u>\$ 179,242</u>
Expenses would increase by	\$ 295,214	\$ 222,531

NOTE A - REPORTING ENTITY AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

2. Basis of Presentation

The Statement of Net Position displays the Medical Center's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference reported as net position. Net position is reported in the following categories:

Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation/amortization and reduced by outstanding balances for bonds, notes and other debt attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.

Restricted net position:

- a. *Nonexpendable* Nonexpendable net position is subject to externally imposed stipulations which require them to be maintained permanently by the Medical Center.
- b. *Expendable* Expendable net position results when constraints placed on net position use are either externally imposed or are imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted net position consists of net position not meeting the definition of the preceding categories. Unrestricted net position is often subject to constraints imposed by management which can be removed or modified.

When both restricted and unrestricted net position is available for use, generally it is the Medical Center's policy to use restricted net position first.

3. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Measurement focus refers to when revenues and expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

The accompanying basic financial statements have been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred.

4. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE A - REPORTING ENTITY AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

5. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include investments in highly liquid debt instruments with an original maturity of three months or less, including designated and restricted assets.

6. Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable are shown at the amount expected to be collected after determining the allowance for doubtful accounts and for contractual adjustments.

7. <u>Inventory Valuation</u>

Inventory is valued at the lower of cost (first-in, first-out method) or market.

8. Investments

Investments are reported at fair value except for short-term highly liquid investments that have a remaining maturity at the time they are purchased of one year or less. These investments are carried at amortized cost. Interest, dividends, and gains and losses, both realized and unrealized, on investments are included in non-operating revenue when earned, unless restricted by donor or law.

9. Designated and Restricted Assets

Internally designated assets consist primarily of funds designated by the Board of Trustees for employee health insurance, capital acquisitions and related debt payments. The Board retains control over these funds, and may, at its discretion, subsequently use them for other purposes. Restricted assets include donor restricted gifts, and funds whose use is limited by law or contractual agreements.

10. Capital Assets

The Medical Center's capital assets are reported at historical cost. Contributed capital assets are reported at their estimated fair value at the time of their donation. Capital assets with lives in excess of four years and cost in excess of \$5,000 are capitalized. These capital assets, other than land, are depreciated or amortized (in the case of capital leases) using the straight-line method of depreciation using their estimated useful lives (fifteen to fifty years for buildings and land improvements and five to twenty years for equipment).

11. Costs of Borrowing

Except for capital assets acquired through gifts, contributions, or capital grants, interest cost on borrowed funds during the period of construction of capital assets is capitalized as a component of the cost of acquiring those assets. The Medical Center did not capitalize any interest cost in 2020 or 2019.

NOTE A - REPORTING ENTITY AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

12. Deferred Outflows of Resources

Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense) until then. Deferred outflows of resources consist of unrecognized items not yet charged to pension expense and contributions from the Medical Center after the measurement date but before the end of the Medical Center's reporting period.

13. Compensated Absences

Medical Center employees earn paid time off (PTO) hours at varying rates depending on years of service. Compensated absence liabilities are computed using the regular pay rates in effect at the balance sheet date. The computed amount of PTO benefits earned by year end is recorded as part of accrued employee compensation.

14. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Iowa Public Employees' Retirement System (IPERS) and additions to/deductions from IPERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by IPERS. For this purpose, benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions, are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

15. Deferred Inflows of Resources

Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position applicable to a future period(s) which will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. Deferred inflows of resources in the Statement of Net Position consists of succeeding year property tax receivable that will not be recognized as revenue until the year for which it is levied; the unrecognized items not yet charged to pension expense; the unamortized portion of the net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments; deferred insurance proceeds; and CARES Act provider relief funds.

16. Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position

For purposes of display, transactions deemed by management to be ongoing, major or central to the provision of health care services are reported as operating revenues and expenses. Peripheral or incidental transactions are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

NOTE A - REPORTING ENTITY AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

17. Net Patient Service Revenue

The Medical Center has agreements with third-party payors that provide for payments to the Medical Center at amounts different from its established rates. Payment arrangements include prospectively determined rates, reimbursed costs, discounted charges, and per diem payments. Net patient service revenue is reported at the estimated net realizable amounts from patients, third-party payors, and others for services rendered, including estimated retroactive adjustments under reimbursement agreements with third-party payors. Retroactive adjustments are accrued on an estimated basis in the period the related services are rendered and adjusted in future periods as final settlements are determined.

18. Property Tax Levy

Property tax receivable is recognized on the levy or lien date, which is the date the tax asking is certified by the County Board of Supervisors. The succeeding year property tax receivable represents taxes certified by the Board of Supervisors to be collected in the next fiscal year for the purposes set out in the budget for that year. The succeeding year property tax receivable has been recorded as a current asset and the related property tax revenue has been recorded as a deferred inflow of resources. Property tax revenue is reported as non-operating revenue when collected by the County Treasurer.

19. Grants and Contributions

Revenues from grants and contributions (including contributions of capital assets) are recognized when all eligibility requirements, including time requirements are met. Grants and contributions may be restricted for either specific operating purposes or for capital purposes. Amounts that are unrestricted or that are restricted to a specific operating purpose are reported as non-operating revenues. Amounts restricted to capital acquisitions are reported after non-operating revenues and expenses.

20. Endowments

Endowments are provided to the Medical Center on a voluntary basis by individuals and private organizations. *Permanent* endowments require that the principal or corpus of the endowment be retained in perpetuity. If a donor has not provided specific instructions, law permits the Board of Trustees to authorize for expenditure the net appreciation of the investments of endowment funds. Currently, the Medical Center has no endowment funds.

21. Charity Care

The Medical Center provides care to patients who meet certain criteria under its charity care policy without charge or at amounts less than its established rates. Revenue from services to these patients is automatically recorded in the accounting system at the established rates, but the Medical Center does not pursue collection of the amounts. The resulting adjustments are recorded as bad debts or charity service, depending on the timing of the charity determination.

NOTE B - THIRD-PARTY PAYOR ARRANGEMENTS

A summary of the payment arrangements with major third-party payors follows:

Medicare - Inpatient acute services, inpatient nonacute services and most outpatient services related to program beneficiaries are paid based on a cost reimbursement methodology. The Medical Center is reimbursed for the cost of services at a tentative rate with final settlement determined after submission of annual cost reports by the Medical Center and audits thereof by the fiscal intermediaries.

Medicaid - Through March of 2016 the Medicaid payment system was similar to Medicare. In April, 2016 the State of Iowa Medicaid program switched to a managed care payment system, with payment rates based on previous year cost reports. The Medical Center will continue to file cost reports to determine payment rates for future years.

The Medical Center's Medicare cost reports have been audited and finalized by the fiscal intermediaries through June 30, 2018. The Medicaid cost reports have been finalized through June 30, 2018. However, finalized cost reports are subject to re-opening by the intermediaries within three years after the date of finalization. Outpatient services not paid based on a cost reimbursement methodology are paid based on a prospectively determined fee schedule.

The Medical Center also has entered into payment agreements with certain commercial insurance carriers, health maintenance organizations, and preferred provider organizations. The basis for payment to the Medical Center under these agreements includes prospectively determined rates per discharge, discounts from established charges, and prospectively determined daily rates.

A schedule of patient service revenue and related adjustments for the years ended June 30, 2020 and 2019 follows:

	 2020		2019
Gross patient service revenue: Inpatient and swing bed services Outpatient Physician clinic related charges Total gross patient service revenue	 8,803,664 53,625,954 10,654,279 73,083,897	\$	9,830,689 54,276,575 10,509,860 74,617,124
Deductions from gross patient service revenue: Medicare Medicaid Provision for bad debts Charity care Other deductions Total deductions from gross patient	13,788,360 5,569,347 1,003,126 145,424 10,638,046	_	15,601,194 5,976,798 836,147 176,557 10,118,275
service revenue	 31,144,303		32,708,971
Net patient service revenue	\$ 41,939,594	\$	41,908,153

NOTE C - ENDOWMENTS AND RESTRICTED NET POSITION

Expendable restricted assets are available for the following purposes:

	<u> </u>	2020		2019
COVID-19 funding Healthcare education loans Debt service	\$	3,459,745 112,558 527,426	\$	110,658 517,460
	<u>\$</u>	4,099,729	<u>\$</u>	628,118

The Medical Center has no nonexpendable restricted assets or endowments at June 30, 2020 or 2019.

Following is a summary of the use of temporarily restricted assets during the year ended June 30:

		 2019	
Purchase of property and equipment Education loans forgiven/written off Wellness center scholarships granted	\$	142,793 6,100 	\$ 255,009 19,500 162
	<u>\$</u>	148,893	\$ 274,671

NOTE D - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

The Medical Center's deposits in banks at June 30, 2020 and 2019 were entirely covered by federal depository insurance or the State Sinking Fund in accordance with Chapter 12C of the Code of Iowa. This chapter provides for additional assessments against the depositories to ensure there will be no loss of public funds.

The Medical Center is authorized by statute to invest public funds in obligations of the United States Government, its agencies and instrumentalities; certificates of deposit or other evidences of deposit at federally insured depository institutions approved by the Board of Trustees; prime eligible bankers acceptances; certain high rated commercial paper; perfected repurchase agreements; certain registered open-end management investment companies; common stocks; certain joint investment trusts; and warrants or improvement certificates of a drainage district.

The Medical Center maintains a pool of donated equity securities as a part of their invested funds. At June 30, 2020 the Medical Center held \$530,682 (\$685,378 in 2019) of capital stock, none of which is covered by any form of insurance against loss.

NOTE D - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - Continued

Designated assets remain under the control of the Board of Trustees, which may, at its discretion, later use the funds for other purposes. Below is a list of the designated assets and their prescribed purpose:

	2020	2019
Capital acquisitions and related debt Employee health insurance	\$ 1,832,711 1,719,620	\$ 1,486,203 2,698,120
	<u>\$ 3,552,331</u>	<u>\$ 4,184,323</u>
The composition of designated and restricted assets is as t	follows:	
	2020	2019
Internally Designated Assets: Cash and cash equivalents Certificates of deposit Equity securities Interest receivable	\$ 968,721 2,049,554 530,682 3,374	\$ 1,946,605 1,550,771 685,378 1,569
	\$ 3,552,331	<u>\$ 4,184,323</u>
Restricted Assets: Cash and cash equivalents Education loans	\$ 4,002,526 97,203	\$ 537,561 90,557
	<u>\$ 4,099,729</u>	<u>\$ 628,118</u>

Interest Rate Risk - The Medical Center's investment policy limits the investment of operating funds (funds expected to be expended in the current budget year or within 15 months of receipt) to instruments that mature within 397 days. Funds not identified as operating funds may be invested in investments with maturities longer than 397 days, but the maturities shall be consistent with the needs and use of the Medical Center.

NOTE E - FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

The Medical Center's investments are reported at fair value in the accompanying statements of net position. The methods used to measure fair value may produce an amount that may not be indicative of net realizable value or reflective of future fair values. Furthermore, although management believes its valuation methods are appropriate and consistent with other market participants, the use of different methodologies or assumptions to determine the fair value of certain financial instruments could result in a different fair value measurement at the reporting date.

The fair value measurement accounting literature establishes a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. This hierarchy consists of three broad levels: Level 1 inputs consist of unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets and have the highest priority. Level 2 inputs consist of observable inputs other than quoted prices for identical assets (Level 1). Level 3 inputs are unobservable and have the lowest priority. The Medical Center uses appropriate valuation techniques based on the available inputs to measure the fair value of its investments. Level 1 inputs were available for all investments at June 30, 2020 and 2019.

Level 1 Fair Value Measurements

The fair value of equity securities is based on the closing price reported in the active market where the individual security is traded, when available.

The following tables set forth, by level within the fair value hierarchy, the Medical Center's investments at fair value as of June 30, 2020 and 2019:

June 30, 2020	_ Fair Value	Fair Value Measurements at Reporting Date Using: Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)
Equity securities	<u>\$ 530,682</u>	<u>\$ 530,682</u>
June 30, 2019		
Equity securities	<u>\$ 685,378</u>	\$ 685,378

NOTE F - ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE AND CONCENTRATION OF CREDIT RISK

The Medical Center grants credit without collateral to its patients, most of whom are local residents and are insured under third-party payor agreements. The mix of receivables from patients and third-party payors at June 30, 2020 and 2019, was as follows:

		2020		2019
Receivable from:				
Patients	\$	2,619,354	\$	2,948,873
Medicare		3,782,066		3,864,376
Medicaid		1,437,390		1,285,815
Wellmark		1,607,663		1,684,319
Other commercial insurance carriers		532,659		707,041
Others		182,260		314,692
		10,161,392		10,805,116
Less allowances for doubtful accounts and				, ,
contractual adjustments		3,086,000		3,062,000
	<u>\$</u>	7,075,392	<u>\$</u>	7,743,116

NOTE G - CAPITAL ASSETS

Medical Center capital assets additions, disposals and balances for the years ended June 30, 2020 and 2019 were as follows:

Cost	_	Balance 2019	<u>A</u>	dditions	-	Disposals		Balance 2020
Land Improvements Buildings Fixed Equipment Major Movable Equipment Depreciation	\$	693,187 43,385,959 4,497,289 17,763,320 66,339,755	\$	696,953 145,871 1,107,629 1,950,453	\$	38,819 216,159 254,978	\$	693,187 44,082,912 4,604,341 18,654,790 68,035,230
Land Improvements Buildings Fixed Equipment Major Movable Equipment		530,808 18,719,398 4,077,014 12,659,182	-	22,846 1,521,325 106,735 1,353,399		10,485 216,162		553,654 20,240,723 4,173,264 13,796,419
Total Depreciation		35,986,402		3,004,305		226,647		38,764,060
Depreciable Capital Assets, Net	<u>\$</u>	30,353,353	<u>\$(</u>	1,053,852)	<u>\$</u>	28,331	<u>\$</u>	29,271,170
Non-depreciable Capital Assets: Land Construction in progress	\$	1,819,048 895,490	\$	 1,616,241	\$	1,637,060	\$	1,819,048 874,671
Non-depreciable Capital Assets	<u>\$</u>	2,714,538	<u>\$</u>	1,616,241	<u>\$</u>	1,637,060	\$	2,693,719

NOTE G - CAPITAL ASSETS - Continued

Cost		Balance 2018	<u>A</u>	Additions	_D	risposals		Balance 2019
Land Improvements Buildings Fixed Equipment Major Movable Equipment Depreciation	\$	693,187 43,247,002 4,497,289 17,347,328 65,784,806	\$	138,957 683,589 822,546	\$	267,597 267,597	\$	693,187 43,385,959 4,497,289 17,763,320 66,339,755
Land Improvements Buildings Fixed Equipment Major Movable Equipment		509,632 17,340,071 3,983,130 11,404,415		21,176 1,379,327 93,884 1,485,069		 230,302		530,808 18,719,398 4,077,014 12,659,182
Total Depreciation		33,237,248		2,979,456		230,302		35,986,402
Depreciable Capital Assets, Net	<u>\$</u>	32,547,558	<u>\$(</u>	<u>2,156,910</u>)	<u>\$</u>	37,295	<u>\$</u>	30,353,353
Non-depreciable Capital Assets: Land Construction in progress	\$	1,819,048 104,158	\$	 1,078,163	\$	<u></u> 286,831	\$	1,819,048 895,490
Non-depreciable Capital Assets	<u>\$</u>	1,923,206	<u>\$</u>	1,078,163	<u>\$</u>	286,831	<u>\$</u>	2,714,538

NOTE H - NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES

A schedule of changes in the Medical Center's non-current liabilities for the years ended June 30, 2020 and 2019 follows:

		Balance 2019	 Additions	<u>R</u>	eductions		Balance 2020		Current Portion
Long-Term Liabilities: 2011 Capital loan notes	\$	4,324,816	\$ 	\$	932,795	\$	3,392,021	\$	896,578
PPP Loan Net Pension Liability		12,951,99 <u>5</u>	 3,476,634		842 <u>,495</u>		3,476,634 12,109,500		1,529,049
	<u>\$</u>	17,276,811	\$ 3,476,634	<u>\$1</u>	,775,290	<u>\$</u>	<u>18,978,155</u>	<u>\$</u>	2,425,627

NOTE H - NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES - Continued

	_	Balance 2018	_	Additions	Re	eductions	_	Balance 2019	 Current Portion
Long-Term Liabilities: 2011 Capital loan									
notes	\$	5,106,891	\$		\$	782,075	\$	4,324,816	\$ 663,062
Net Pension Liability		13,641,018	_			689,023		12,951,995	
	\$	18,747,909	<u>\$</u>	P 10	<u>\$1</u>	<u>,471,098</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>17,276,811</u>	\$ 663,062

2011 Capital Loan Notes

In December, 2011, the Medical Center issued \$10,000,000 of Hospital Revenue Capital Loan Notes. Combined principal and interest payments are scheduled to be made through May 1, 2025. The original interest rate on the outstanding balance of the Notes was 3.85%. As of August 1, 2014 the interest rate was revised to 3.35% and revised to 3.89% on June 1. 2019 based on the seven year Federal Home Loan Bank Des Moines fixed rate advance rate, plus 1.375%.

The Notes are payable only from the revenues of the Medical Center, and are secured by a first lien on its net revenues. The Notes are not general obligations of the county and shall not be paid in any manner by taxation.

Paycheck Protection Program Loan (PPP Loan)

The Paycheck Protection Program Loan was obtained in April, 2020 from the Small Business Administration in a principal amount of \$3,476,634 for the purpose of protecting payroll during the COVID-19 pandemic. The loan carries an interest rate of 1% on any amount that needs to be repaid but is subject to forgiveness if certain conditions are met. The Medical Center expects all proceeds to be forgiven.

Annual Debt Service
The annual debt service on the Notes is expected to require approximately 43% of the cash flow available for debt service. For the current year, debt service and cash flow available for debt service were approximately \$1,092,500 and \$2,533,700, respectively.

Scheduled principal and interest repayments on long-term debt are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	<u> </u>	Principal	I	nterest		Total
2021 2022 2023 2024	\$	2,425,627 2,879,622 968,899 594,507	\$	156,562 96,689 43,606 7,875	\$	2,582,189 2,976,311 1,012,505 602,382
	<u>\$</u>	6,868,655	<u>\$</u>	304,732	<u>\$</u>	7,173,387

The pension liability, as further described in Note J, represents an actuarial estimate of the Hospital's share of the Iowa Public Employee Retirement System (IPERS) unfunded pension liability.

NOTE I - DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES

The deferred inflows of resources include COVID-19 funding, insurance proceeds, succeeding year property tax, and pension plan earnings. The COVID-19 funding is to reimburse the Medical Center for lost revenues, and operating and capital cost due to COVID-19 through June 30, 2021. The insurance proceeds are to be used to repair property that was damaged. The succeeding year property tax represents taxes certified by the County Board of Supervisors to be collected in the next fiscal year for the purposes set out in the budget for that year. Pension earnings represents the net difference between projected and realized earnings on IPERS' investments.

		2020	 2019
CARES Act COVID-19 funding Insurance proceeds Succeeding year property tax Pension earnings	\$	3,459,745 165,221 1,047,000 1,892,800	\$ 339,153 1,002,000 781,954
	<u>\$</u>	6,564,766	\$ 2,123,107

NOTE J - PENSION PLAN

<u>Plan Description</u> - IPERS membership is mandatory for employees of the Medical Center, except for those covered by another retirement system. Employees of the Medical Center are provided with pensions through a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit pension plan administered by Iowa Public Employees' Retirement System (IPERS). IPERS issues a stand-alone financial report which is available to the public by mail at P.O. Box 9117, Des Moines, Iowa 50306-9117 or at www.ipers.org.

IPERS benefits are established under Iowa Code chapter 97B and the administrative rules thereunder. Chapter 97B and the administrative rules are the official plan documents. The following brief description is provided for general informational purposes only. Refer to the plan documents for more information.

<u>Pension Benefits</u> - A Regular member may retire at normal retirement age and receive monthly benefits without an early-retirement reduction. Normal retirement age is age 65, any time after reaching age 62 with 20 or more years of covered employment or when the member's years of service plus the member's age at the last birthday equals or exceeds 88, whichever comes first. These qualifications must be met on the member's first month of entitlement to benefits. Members cannot begin receiving retirement benefits before age 55. The formula used to calculate a Regular member's monthly IPERS benefit includes:

- A multiplier based on years of service.
- The member's highest five-year average salary, except members with service before June 30, 2012 will use the highest three-year average salary as of that date if it is greater than the highest five-year average salary.

If a member retires before normal retirement age, the member's monthly retirement benefit will be permanently reduced by an early-retirement reduction. The early-retirement reduction is calculated differently for service earned before and after July 1, 2012. For service earned before July 1, 2012, the reduction is 0.25% for each month the member receives benefits before the member's earliest normal retirement age. For service earned on or after July 1, 2012, the reduction is 0.50% for each month the member receives benefits before age 65.

NOTE J - PENSION PLAN - Continued

Generally, once a member selects a benefit option, a monthly benefit is calculated and remains the same for the rest of the member's lifetime. However, to combat the effects of inflation, retirees who began receiving benefits prior to July 1990 receive a guaranteed dividend with their regular November benefit payments.

<u>Disability and Death Benefits</u> - A vested member who is awarded federal Social Security disability or Railroad Retirement disability benefits is eligible to claim IPERS benefits regardless of age. Disability benefits are not reduced for early retirement. If a member dies before retirement, the member's beneficiary will receive a lifetime annuity or a lump-sum payment equal to the present actuarial value of the member's accrued benefit or calculated with a set formula, whichever is greater. When a member dies after retirement, death benefits depend on the benefit option the member selected at retirement.

Contributions - Contribution rates are established by IPERS following the annual actuarial valuation which applies IPERS' Contribution Rate Funding Policy and Actuarial Amortization Method. State statute limits the amount rates can increase or decrease each year to 1 percentage point. IPERS Contribution Rate Funding Policy requires the actuarial contribution rate be determined using the "entry age normal" actuarial cost method and the actuarial assumptions and methods approved by the IPERS Investment Board. The actuarial contribution rate covers normal cost plus the unfunded actuarial liability payment based on a 30-year amortization period. The payment to amortize the unfunded actuarial liability is determined as a level percentage of payroll based on the Actuarial Amortization Method adopted by the Investment Board.

In fiscal years 2020 and 2019, pursuant to the required rate, Regular members contributed 6.29% of covered payroll and the Medical Center contributed 9.44% of covered payroll for a total rate of 15.73%.

The Medical Center's contributions to IPERS for the years ended June 30, 2020 and 2019 totaled \$1,522,073 and \$1,505,653, respectively.

Net Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions - At June 30, 2020 and 2019, the Medical Center reported a liability of \$12,109,500 and \$12,951,995, respectively for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2019 and 2018, respectively, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of those dates. The Medical Center's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the Medical Center's share of contributions to IPERS relative to the contributions of all IPERS participating employers. At June 30, 2019, the Medical Center's proportion was 0.209121%, which was an increase of 0.004451% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2018.

NOTE J - PENSION PLAN - Continued

For the year ended June 30, 2020 and 2019, the Medical Center recognized pension expense of \$2,325,233 and \$1,828,371, respectively. The Medical Center reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	2020 Deferred Outflows of Resources	2020 Deferred Inflows of Resources	2019 Deferred Outflows of Resources	2019 Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 33,571	\$ 435,394	\$ 71,014	\$ 292,736
Changes of assumptions	1,297,101		1,847,682	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on IPERS investments		1,364,595		355,879
Changes in proportion and differences between Hospital contributions and proportionate share of contributions	286,925	92,811	250,130	133,339
Hospital contributions subsequent to the measurement date	1,522,073		1,505,653	
	\$ 3,139,670	<u>\$ 1,892,800</u>	<u>\$ 3,674,479</u>	<u>\$ 781,954</u>

Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions of \$1,522,073 and \$1,505,653 represent the amount the Medical Center contributed subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the years ending June 30, 2021 and 2020, respectively. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year EndedJune 30,		2020 Amount			
2020 2021 2022 2023 2024 2025	\$ ((322,752 227,824) 171,544) 189,293) 9,294)	\$ ((951,736 492,658 49,948) 5,022 12,596)	
	<u>\$(</u>	275,203)	<u>\$</u>	1,386,872	

There were no non-employer contribution entities to IPERS.

NOTE J - PENSION PLAN - Continued

<u>Actuarial Assumptions</u> - The total pension liability in the June 30, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Rate of Inflation (effective June 30, 2017)	2.60% per annum.
Rates of salary increases (effective June 30, 2017)	3.25% to 16.25%, average, including inflation. Rates vary by membership group.
Long-term investment rate of return (effective June 30, 2017)	7.00% compounded annually, net of investment expense, including inflation.
Wage growth (effective June 30, 2017)	3.25% per annum based on 2.60% inflation and 0.65% real wage inflation.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019 valuation were based on the results of an economic assumption study dated March 24, 2017 and a demographic assumption study dated June 28, 2018.

Mortality rates used in the 2019 valuation were based on the RP-2014 Employee and Healthy Annuitant Tables with MP-2017 generational adjustments.

The long-term expected rate of return on IPERS' investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates (expected returns, net of investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Asset Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Domestic equity	22.0%	5.60%
International equity	15.0	6.08
Global smart beta equity	3.0	5.82
Core plus fixed income	27.0	1.71
Public credit	3.5	3.32
Public real assets	7.0	2.81
Cash	1.0	(0.21)
Private equity	11.0	10.13
Private real assets	7.5	4.76
Private credit	3.0	3.01
Total	100%	

NOTE J - PENSION PLAN - Continued

<u>Discount Rate</u> - The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.0%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed employee contributions will be made at the contractually required rate and contributions from the Medical Center will be made at contractually required rates, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, IPERS' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on IPERS' investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Medical Center's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate - The following presents the Medical Center's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the Medical Center's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1% lower (6.00%) or 1% higher (8.00%) than the current rate.

	1%	Discount	1%
	Decrease	Rate	Increase
	(6.00%)	(7.00%)	(8.00%)
Medical Center's proportionate share of the net pension liability - June 30, 2020	\$ 21,502,563	<u>\$ 12,109,500</u>	<u>\$ 4,230,702</u>
	1%	Discount	1%
	Decrease	Rate	Increase
	(6.00%)	(7.00%)	(8.00%)
Medical Center's proportionate share of the net pension liability - June 30, 2019	<u>\$ 21,982,138</u>	<u>\$ 12,951,995</u>	\$ 5,377,047

<u>IPERS' Fiduciary Net Position</u> - Detailed information about IPERS' fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued IPERS financial report which is available on IPERS' website at <u>www.ipers.org</u>.

Payables to IPERS - At June 30, 2020 and 2019, the Medical Center reported payables to IPERS of \$114,896 and \$115,857, respectively, for legally required employer contributions and \$76,557 and \$77,196, respectively for legally required employee contributions withheld from employee wages which had not yet been remitted to IPERS.

NOTE K - RELATED ORGANIZATIONS

Shelby County Medical Corporation

Shelby County Medical Corporation (SCMC) employs the physicians who staff the Medical Center owned Rural Health Clinics. The Medical Center purchases the physician services at a set cost per Relative Value Unit (RVU). SCMC is paid at an interim monthly rate, with a net settlement determined at year end, based on the total RVUs provided. The Medical Center provides limited administrative services to assist SCMC in its operations.

Below, and in the following section is information about transactions between the Medical Center and SCMC:

	2020	2019
Purchase of services from SCMC	<u>\$ 4,051,878</u>	<u>\$ 4,112,281</u>
Sale of services to SCMC	<u>\$ 48,000</u>	<u>\$ 48,000</u>
Amount receivable from (due to) SCMC at year end	<u>\$ 15,529</u>	<u>\$(159,959)</u>
Prepaid physician service contract with SCMC	\$ 527,663	<u>\$ 361,764</u>

Health Partners of Southwest Iowa

The Medical Center has joined with two other area hospitals (Cass County Memorial Hospital of Atlantic and Montgomery County Memorial Hospital of Red Oak) to form a 28E organization, Health Partners of Southwest Iowa (HPSI). The organization was formed to share ideas, capital, and resources and to assist in the containment of healthcare costs, while improving the quality of healthcare being delivered in the member hospital service areas. Each of the three members purchase mobile scanning and other medical services from the organization.

Below is a summary of the Medical Center's transactions with HPSI and year end balances involving the 28E organization:

	2020	2019
Services purchased from HPSI	<u>\$ 159,721</u>	<u>\$ 192,162</u>
Services sold to HPSI	\$ 261,633	<u>\$ 292,940</u>
Amount due from (to) HPSI	\$ 3,805	<u>\$ 2,930</u>
Member share of net position	<u>\$ 601,415</u>	\$ 535,098

The member share of net position is included in other assets and the amounts due from (to) HPSI are included in other receivables and accounts payable on the statement of net position. The Medical Center has no ongoing financial interest in or responsibility to HPSI, other than that disclosed above. Financial statements of HPSI will be on file at the Medical Center and the office of the State Auditor.

MYRTUE MEDICAL CENTER Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2020 and 2019

NOTE L - OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)

Plan Description: The Medical Center operates a single-employer health benefit plan which provides medical/prescription drug benefits for employees, retirees and their spouses. Group insurance benefits are established under Iowa Code Chapter 509A.13. The Medical Center currently finances the benefit plan on a pay-as-you-go basis. For the year ended June 30, 2020, the Medical Center contributed \$2,597,347 and plan members eligible for benefits contributed \$788,961 to the plan. At June 30, 2020, no assets have been accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75.

OPEB Benefits: Individuals who are employed by Myrtue Medical Center and are eligible to participate in the group health plan are eligible to continue healthcare benefits upon retirement. Retirees under age 65 pay the same premium for the medical/prescription drug benefits as active employees, which results in an implicit rate subsidy.

Retired participants must be age 55 or older at retirement, with the exception of special service participants who must be age 50 with 22 years of services. At June 30, 2020, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries	
currently receiving benefit payments	4
Active employees	245
• •	
Total	249

Net OPEB Obligation: Management of the Medical Center considers any OPEB obligation, which may exist, to be immaterial. No liability has been recorded.

NOTE M - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Shelby County Ambulance Commission

The Medical Center has committed to participate in the support of the Shelby County Ambulance Commission along with the City of Harlan. The Commission is a private corporation which provides ambulance services to Shelby County and surrounding communities. The Medical Center has agreed to provide financial support totaling \$112,200 in 2020-21.

MYRTUE MEDICAL CENTER Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2020 and 2019

NOTE M - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES - Continued

Self Funded Health/Disability Insurance

The Medical Center has established an employee health and disability insurance fund. Under the self-insured plan, the Medical Center pays health claims from this fund up to maximum limits and carries stop loss insurance for health claims in excess of the limits. In addition, the Medical Center pays sixty percent of a disabled employee's salary for up to six months, and carries long-term disability insurance for claims longer than a six month period. At June 30, 2020 and 2019 the Medical Center had accumulated funds in excess of actual claims paid of approximately \$1,719,620 and \$2,698,100, respectively. These funds, shown under designated and restricted assets, are designated by the Board to pay claims as they are filed in the future. An allowance for unpaid claims at June 30, 2020 of approximately \$217,000 (\$139,000 in 2019) is included in current liabilities.

Notes Receivable

The Medical Center has provided financial aid to several medical occupation students enabling them to complete their education. In exchange for the aid, the Medical Center receives promissory notes and the commitment of the students to pursue their medical occupation in the Harlan area for a specified period of time upon graduation from the programs. The promissory notes contain clauses indicating they will be forgiven on a pro rata basis as the commitments are fulfilled. If the students fail to fulfill the commitments, the notes are to be repaid, including interest.

Risk Management

The Medical Center is insured by a claims-made policy for protection against liability claims resulting from professional services provided or which should have been provided. Management believes that the malpractice insurance coverage is adequate to cover all asserted and any unasserted claims, therefore no related liability has been accrued. Myrtue Medical Center is exposed to various other common business risks for which it is covered by commercial insurance. Settled claims from these risks have not exceeded insurance coverage during any of the past three fiscal years.

Construction Project

At June 30, 2020, the Medical Center had expended approximately \$874,671 on several ongoing projects with an estimated \$750,000 remaining to complete them. Funding for the costs will be provided through existing and internally generated funds.

CARES Act - Provider Relief Funds

The Medical Center has recognized Provider Relief Funds revenue in these financial statements totaling \$2,125,217 for reimbursement of expenses and lost revenue due to COVID-19 based on guidance as of the date of the report. Guidance could change when the final rules are issued, which could change the amount of revenue currently recognized.

Subsequent Events

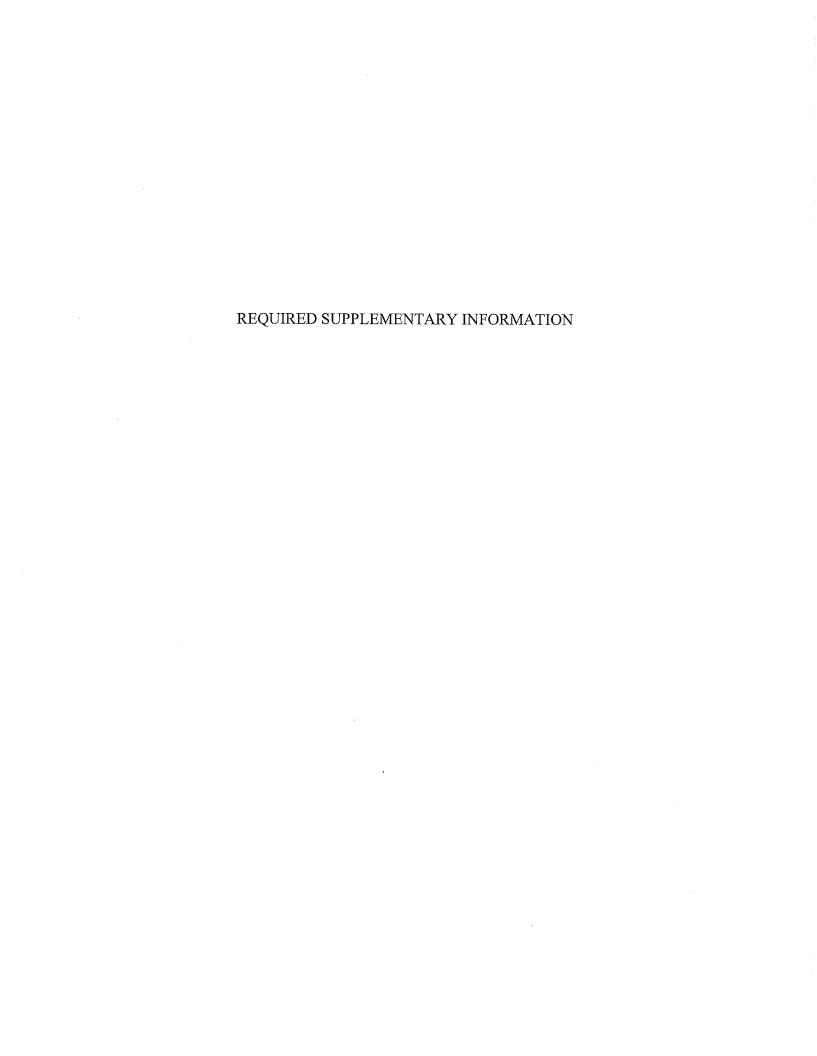
The Medical Center has evaluated all subsequent events through January 21, 2021, the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

MYRTUE MEDICAL CENTER Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2020 and 2019

NOTE N - MATTERS AFFECTING CURRENT AND SUBSEQUENT YEARS OPERATIONS

On March 11, 2020 the World Health Organization declared the Novel Coronavirus (COVID-19) a global pandemic and recommended containment and mitigation measures worldwide. As of March 16, 2020 the Medical Center limited operations per recommendations of the Governor and Department of Public Health and remained limited through June 1, 2020 when the Medical Center reopened with modification to operations. The Medical Center cannot reasonably estimate the length or severity of this pandemic, or the extent to which the disruption may materially impact the Medical Center's financial position, result of its changes in net position or cash flows in 2021 and after.

* * *



MYRTUE MEDICAL CENTER Budgetary Comparison Schedule Year Ended June 30, 2020

This budgetary comparison is presented as Required Supplementary Information in accordance with Government Auditing Standards. In accordance with the Code of Iowa, the Board of Trustees annually adopts a budget following required public notice and hearings. The annual budget may be amended during the year utilizing similar statutorily-prescribed procedures. The following is a reconciliation between reported amounts and the accrual basis used to prepare the budget. The adjustments result from accounting for interest, ambulance service, gain (loss) on disposal of assets, and net position differently for financial statement and budget purposes.

			Financial Statem	nents
		Unrestricted Fund	Restricted Fund	Total
Amount raised by taxation		\$ 1,018,536	\$	\$ 1,018,536
Other revenues Transfers in (out)		41,085,737 148,893	3,620,504 (148,893)	44,706,241
		42,253,166	3,471,611	45,724,777
Expenses		44,439,003	101 100	44,439,003
Net		(2,185,837)	3,471,611	1,285,774
Balance beginning of year		37,252,544	628,118	37,880,662
Balance end of year		\$ 35,066,707	\$ 4,099,729	\$ 39,166,436
	Total Financial Statements	Budget Adjustments	Budget Basis	Adopted Budget
Amount raised by taxation Other revenues	\$ 1,018,536 44,706,241 45,724,777	\$ 280,567 280,567	\$ 1,018,536 44,986,808 46,005,344	\$ 1,002,202 <u>48,099,721</u> 49,101,923
Expenses	44,439,003	280,567	44,719,570	47,262,200
Net	1,285,774		1,285,774	1,839,723
Balance beginning of year	<u>37,880,662</u>	117,533	37,998,195	37,998,195
Balance end of year	\$ 39,166,436	<u>\$ 117,533</u>	\$ 39,283,969	\$ 39,837,918

MYRTUE MEDICAL CENTER Schedule of the Medical Center's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability

Iowa Public Employees' Retirement System For the Last Six Years

Required Supplementary Information

	 2020	 2019
Medical Center's proportion of the net pension liability	.209121%	.204670%
Medical Center's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 12,110,000	\$ 12,952,000
Medical Center's covered payroll	\$ 15,949,700	\$ 15,405,700
Medical Center's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	75.93%	84.07%
IPERS' net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	85.45%	83.62%

Note - In accordance with GASB Statement No. 68, the amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30 of the preceding year. Amounts reported are rounded.

See Independent Auditor's Report.

 2018	 2017	 2016	 2015
.204781%	.198924%	.203892%	.203758%
\$ 13,641,000	\$ 12,519,000	\$ 10,073,000	\$ 8,033,000
\$ 15,297,000	\$ 14,285,000	\$ 13,982,000	\$ 13,260,000
89.17%	87.64%	72.04%	60.58%
82.21%	81.82%	85.19%	87.61%

MYRTUE MEDICAL CENTER Schedule of Medical Center Contributions

Iowa Public Employees' Retirement System For the Last Ten Years

Required Supplementary Information

		2020		2019	 2018		2017
Statutorily required contribution	\$	1,522,100	\$	1,505,700	\$ 1,375,700	\$	1,366,000
Contributions in relation to the statutorily required contribution	_(1,522,100)	_(1,505,700)	 1,375,700)	_(1,366,000)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	<u>\$</u>		<u>\$</u>		\$ 	<u>\$</u>	—
Medical Center's covered payroll	\$	16,123,700	\$	15,949,700	\$ 15,405,700	\$	15,297,000
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		9.44%		9.44%	8.93%		8.93%

Note - Amounts reported are rounded.

See Independent Auditor's Report.

	2016		2015		2014		2013		2012		2011
\$	1,275,700	\$	1,249,000	\$	1,184,000	\$	1,111,500	\$	1,001,300	\$	819,000
(1,275,700)	_(_	1,249,000)	_(1,184,000)	_(_	1,111,500)	_(_	1,001,300)	_(_	819,000)
<u>\$</u>		<u>\$</u>		<u>\$</u>	PH 244	<u>\$</u>		<u>\$</u>	M M	<u>\$</u>	H
\$	14,285,000	\$	13,982,000	\$	13,260,000	\$	12,820,000	\$	12,407,000	\$	11,798,000
	8.93%		8.93%		8.93%		8.67%		8.07%		6.94%

MYRTUE MEDICAL CENTER Notes to Required Supplementary Information - Pension Liability Year Ended June 30, 2020

Changes of benefit terms:

There are no significant changes in benefit terms from the member's first unreduced retirement age to a 6% reduction for each year of retirement before age 65.

Changes of assumptions:

The 2018 valuation implemented the following refinements as a result of a demographic assumption study dated June 28, 2018:

- Changed mortality assumptions to the RP-2014 mortality tables with mortality improvements modeled using Scale MP-2017.
- Adjusted retirement rates.
- Lowered disability rates.
- Adjusted the probability of a vested Regular member electing to receive a deferred benefit.
- Adjusted the merit component of the salary increase assumption.

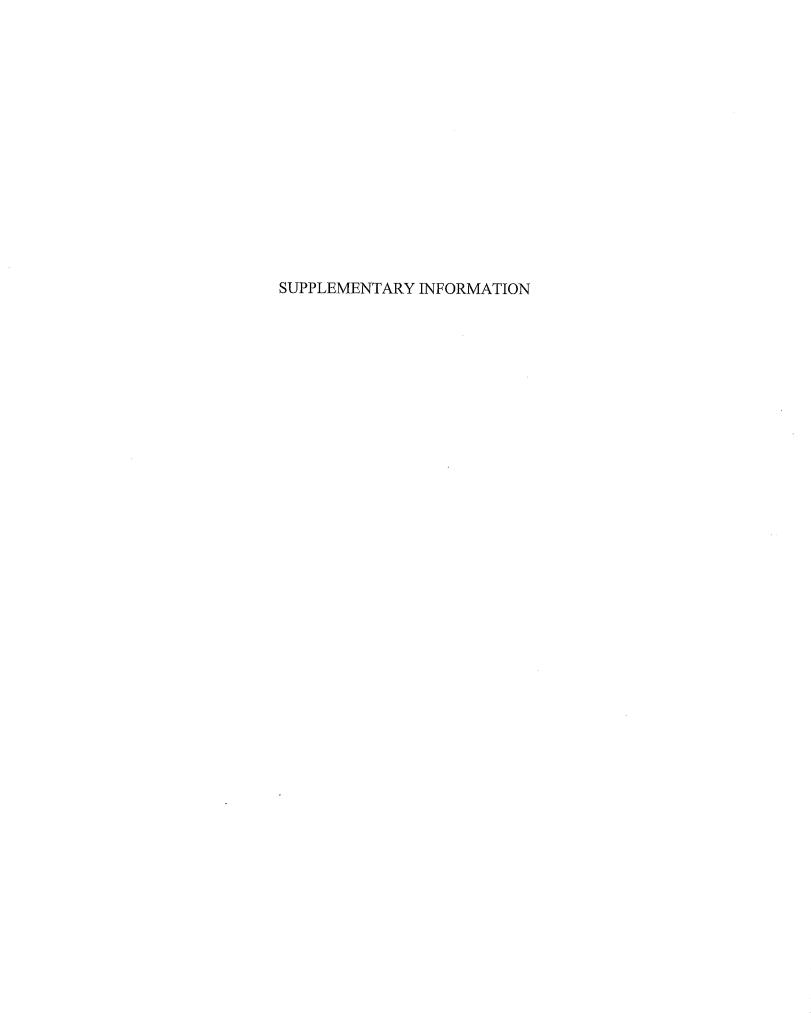
The 2017 valuation implemented the following refinements as a result of an experience study dated March 24, 2017:

- Decreased the inflation assumption from 3.00% to 2.60%.
- Decreased the assumed rate of interest on member accounts from 3.75% to 3.50% per year.
- Decreased the discount rate from 7.50% to 7.00%.
- Decreased the wage growth assumption from 4.00% to 3.25%.
- Decreased the payroll growth assumption from 4.00% to 3.25%.

The 2014 valuation implemented the following refinements as a result of a quadrennial experience study:

- Decreased the inflation assumption from 3.25% to 3.00%.
- Decreased the assumed rate of interest on member accounts from 4.00% to 3.75% per year.
- Adjusted male mortality rates for retirees in the Regular membership group.
- Reduced retirement rates for sheriffs and deputies between the ages of 55 and 64.
- Moved from an open 30 year amortization period to a closed 30 year amortization period for the UAL (unfunded actuarial liability) beginning June 30, 2014. Each year thereafter, changes in the UAL from plan experience will be amortized on a separate closed 20 year period.

* * *



MYRTUE MEDICAL CENTER Patient Receivables June 30,

Analysis of Aging:

	2020)	2019		
Days Since Discharge	Amount	Percent to Total	Amount	Percent to Total	
0 - 30 31 - 90 91 - 180 181 - 365 Over 365	\$ 5,507,231 1,363,487 1,465,896 1,246,448 578,330 10,161,392	54.20% 13.42 14.42 12.27 5.69 100.0%	\$ 6,173,134 1,947,278 1,017,651 941,303 725,750 10,805,116	57.2% 18.0 9.4 8.7 6.7 100.0%	
Less: Allowance for doubtful accounts Allowance for contractual adjustments	834,000 <u>2,252,000</u> \$ 7,075,392		779,000 2,283,000 \$ 7,743,116		

Allowance for Doubtful Accounts:

	Year Ende	ed June 30, 2019		
Balance, beginning	\$ 779,000	\$ 596,000		
Provision for bad debts	1,003,126	836,147		
Recoveries of accounts previously written off	218,329 2,000,455	331,959 1,764,106		
Accounts written off	_1,166,455	985,106		
Balance, ending	<u>\$ 834,000</u>	<u>\$ 779,000</u>		

MYRTUE MEDICAL CENTER Patient Service Revenue Year ended June 30,

		2020		
	Inpatien	<u>.t </u>	Swing-Bed	
Daily Patient Services Medical, surgical and obstetrical Nursery	\$ 1,807,	128	313,200 313,200	
Other Nursing Services Observation beds Clinic room Operating and recovery room Delivery and labor room Emergency service Medical supplies	425, 331, 3, 920, 1,681,	735 526 <u>581</u>	 2,244 5,181 7,425	
Other Professional Services Emergency room physicians Laboratory Electrocardiology Cardiac rehabilitation Radiology CT scanning Nuclear imaging Ultrasound MRI Pharmacy Chemotherapy Anesthesia Respiratory therapy Sleep studies Physical therapy Occupational therapy Speech therapy Home health Hospice Public health Wellness center Occupational health outreach Senior life solutions Other	55, 263, 31, 58, 1,538, 225, 386,	977 976 836 244 250 253 194 782 808 787 692 533	111,846 2,052 9,634 24,225 2,847 375,604 112,869 254,003 188,670 19,262 1,101,012	

(continued next page)

	2020		2019
Outpatient	Physician Services	Total	Total
\$ 879,630	\$	\$ 2,999,880	\$ 3,241,654
		132,128	114,341
879,630		3 132,008	2,255,005
679,030		3,132,008	3,355,995
670,653		670,653	666,296
3,166,599		3,166,599	3,291,198
3,471,751		3,899,379	4,557,545
41,482		373,217	337,007
2,498,532		2,502,058	2,606,394
2,433,996		3,359,758	3,385,405
12,283,013	==	13,971,664	14,843,845
8,431,478 629,179 268,893	1,486,799	1,486,799 9,208,020 663,208 268,893	1,548,152 8,524,438 692,660 300,600
2,451,791	1,146	2,518,547	2,527,986
4,217,826		4,505,887	4,683,063
297,185		300,429	349,100
986,194		1,020,291	1,093,580
1,588,934		1,647,187	1,638,577
5,989,968 3,423,213 1,139,986	 	7,903,766 3,423,213 1,365,768	8,647,643 3,206,469 1,441,415
206,879 555,402 2,953,484	 	706,556 555,402 3,515,274	752,742 568,256 3,940,798
278,588		637,950	786,335
170,179		209,974	249,165
721,921		721,921	794,987
1,248,474		1,248,474	1,418,464
368,670		368,670	368,836
623,452		623,452	781,250
21,930		21,930	1,902
215,940 10,269 36,799,835	1,487,945	215,940 10,464 43,148,015	10,978 44,327,396

MYRTUE MEDICAL CENTER Patient Service Revenue - Continued Year ended June 30,

		2020			
	Ing	oatient	_ <u>S</u>	wing-Bed	
Behavioral Health	\$	2,400	\$		
Physician Clinic Services Harlan					
Avoca Elk Horn					
Shelby					
Earling					
Total All Services	<u>\$ 7</u>	,382,027	\$	1,421,637	

	 2019		
 Outpatient	 Physician Services	 Total	 Total
\$ 3,663,476	\$ 	\$ 3,665,876	\$ 3,128,180
	7,645,392	7,645,392	7,432,174
	351,406 294,579 601,996	351,406 294,579	379,421 313,275
 	 272,961 9,166,334	 601,996 272,961 9,166,334	 549,410 287,428 8,961,708
\$ 53,625,954	\$ 10,654,279	\$ 73,083,897	\$ 74,617,124

MYRTUE MEDICAL CENTER Revenue and Related Adjustments Year ended June 30,

	2020	2019	
Net Patient Service Revenue Patient service revenue	\$ 73,083,897	\$ 74,617,124	
Contractual adjustment	(29,399,869)	(31,151,977)	
Provision for bad debts	(1,003,126)	(836,147)	
Charity Care	(145,424)	(176,557)	
Administrative adjustments	_(595,884)	_(544,290)	
	<u>\$ 41,939,594</u>	<u>\$ 41,908,153</u>	
Other Revenue Cafeteria Rental income Operating grants Other	\$ 130,509 24,707 198,681 316,198	\$ 129,499 33,123 140,461 533,168	
	<u>\$ 670,095</u>	\$ 836,251	

MYRTUE MEDICAL CENTER Schedule of Expenses Year ended June 30,

	2020					
	Salaries and Wages		Employee Benefits		Supplies and Other Expenses	
Daily Patient Services Nursing service Special care	\$	2,408,240 181	\$	801,101 48	\$	141,740
Total daily patient services		2,408,421		801,149		141,740
Other Nursing Services						
Clinic room		439,111		135,169		20,245
Operating and recovery room		549,781		202,464		418,464
Delivery and labor room		259,790		83,516		
Emergency service		468,839				25,239
Medical supplies				128,773		83,887
		119,582		49,936		777,271
Intravenous therapy		1,837,103		500.050		77
Total other nursing services		1,837,103		599,858		1,325,183
Other Professional Services						
Emergency room physicians		85,478		14,345		
Laboratory		651,046		248,490		635,978
Electrocardiology		25,572		9,572		12,063
Cardiac rehabilitation		39,288		11,813		8,256
Radiology		579,256		212,926		
CT scanning		319,230		212,920		333,229
						95,592
Nuclear imaging		144 PM				49,386
MRI		10 6 45 6		100.00		192,993
Pharmacy		436,456		123,937		1,492,821
Chemotherapy		78,417		21,562		1,154,189
Anesthesia		677,316		139,838		44,165
Respiratory therapy		245,426		72,808		53,846
Sleep studies						149,626
Physical therapy		23,680		10,511		69,476
Occupational therapy						
Speech therapy					-	
Home health		433,008		130,415		30,861
Public health		288,659		72,389		115,091
Hospice		369,761		97,794		360,275
Occupational health outreach		113,230		31,731		14,006
Wellness center		386,855		322,656		248,817
Medical records		359,427		153,636		159,044
Covid-19		557, 121		100,000		203,084
Senior life solutions		10,194		8,347		12,890
Total other professional services		4,803,069	•	1,682,770		
Total other professional services		7,002,003		1,002,770		5,435,688

(continued next page)

			2020			2019
Pro	fessional Fees		preciation Expense	Total Expenses]	Total Expenses
\$	118,481	\$	78,001 	\$ 3,547,563 229	\$	3,504,337
	118,481	•	78,001	 3,547,792		3,504,337
	360,950		25,487	980,962		952,202
	833,453		184,296 32,087	2,188,458 400,632		1,949,545 352,942
			26,023 8,750	707,522 955,539		613,401 994,280
	1,194,403	,	276,643	 5,233,190		4,862,370
	689,996			789,819		707,121
	319,233		27,192 5,050	1,881,939 52,257		1,782,267 50,608
			2,808 176,143	62,165 1,301,554		55,700 1,311,155
			113,645	209,237 49,386		218,878 71,203
			574	192,993 2,053,788		202,619 1,870,489
	126,039		1,348 25,735	1,255,516 1,013,093		1,180,830 963,052
	1 056 005		6,211 647	378,291 150,273		350,031 163,881
	1,256,305 218,672		13,190	1,373,162 218,672		1,487,469 248,339
	78,407 100,899		13,168	78,407 708,351		93,158 762,951
	 254		5,861 6,559	482,000 834,389		470,997 853,815
	254 16,735		38,332	159,221 1,013,395		153,291 1,047,383
	 212 546		1,059 	673,166 203,084		617,661
	213,546 3,020,086		437,522	 244,977 15,379,135		14,662,898

MYRTUE MEDICAL CENTER Schedule of Expenses - continued Year ended June 30,

	2020						
	Salaries and Wages		Employee Benefits		Supplies and Other Expenses		
Behavioral Health	\$	1,058,610	\$	374,380	\$	159,722	
Physician Clinic Services Harlan Avoca Elk Horn Shelby Earling Total physician clinic services		2,722,719 189,654 223,528 268,262 176,306 3,580,469		709,355 46,936 57,796 62,356 56,734 933,177		606,614 39,430 31,881 41,971 28,294 748,190	
General Services Dietary Plant engineering Housekeeping Laundry and linen Total general services		481,024 195,252 297,324 39,497 1,013,097		180,498 104,055 166,630 13,778 464,961		244,203 569,641 71,629 91,026 976,499	
Fiscal and Administrative		2,017,139		877,712		1,782,735	
General Depreciation			*			SAY MAI	
Total all departments	\$	16,717,908	<u>\$</u>	5,734,007	\$	10,569,757	

		2	2020		·		2019
	Professional Fees		Depreciation Expense		Total Expenses		Total Expenses
\$		\$	1,458	\$	1,594,170	\$	1,415,006
	2,707,371 63,600 37,200 37,200 18,600 2,863,971		14,479 864 281 176 15,800		6,760,538 340,484 350,686 409,965 279,934 8,141,607		6,703,172 381,054 372,689 390,872 291,279 8,139,066
	 		721 107,418 1,288 109,427		906,446 976,366 536,871 144,301 2,563,984		883,264 1,033,042 485,726 149,961 2,551,993
	412,925		514,877		5,605,388		5,595,196
		1	<u>,570,577</u>		1,570,577		1,494,387
\$ "	7,609,866	<u>\$ 3</u>	,004,305	<u>\$</u>	43,635,843	\$	42,225,253

MYRTUE MEDICAL CENTER Comparative Statistics Year ended June 30,

	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016
Acute Care: Admissions	623	666	704	775	765
Discharges	620	668	703	776	768
Patient days	2,053	2,188	2,159	2,649	2,533
Average length of stay	3.4	3.3	3.1	3.4	3.3
Average occupied beds	5.6	6.0	5.9	7.3	6.9
Swing Bed: Admissions	126	156	170	192	186
Discharges	130	159	171	191	194
Patient days	810	1,112	1,330	1,430	1,391
Combined Average Occupied Beds	7.8	9.0	9.6	11.2	10.7
Nursery Days	156	141	151	165	191
Outpatient Visits	52,011	54,945	51,729*	32,078	33,876
Physician Clinic Visits	34,539	37,221	43,352	45,851	38,817

^{*} Method of accumulating occasions changed with computer system transition during 2018 year.



Gronewold, Bell, Kyhnn & Co. P.C. CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS: BUSINESS AND FINANCIAL CONSULTANTS

1910 EAST 7th STREET BOX 369 ATLANTIC, IOWA 50022-0369 (712) 243-1800 FAX (712) 243-1265 CPA@GBKCO.COM

MARK D. KYHNN KENNETH P. TEGELS CHRISTOPHER J. NELSON DAVID A. GINTHER

Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting
and on Compliance and Other Matters
Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with
Government Auditing Standards

To the Board of Trustees Myrtue Medical Center Harlan, Iowa

We have audited in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in <u>Government Auditing Standards</u> issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of Myrtue Medical Center as of and for the years ended June 30, 2020 and 2019, and the related notes to financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated January 21, 2021.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Myrtue Medical Center's internal control over financial reporting to determine the audit procedures appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Myrtue Medical Center's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Myrtue Medical Center's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility a material misstatement of the Medical Center's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control which is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and, therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. We did identify certain deficiencies in internal control, described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Responses that we consider to be a significant deficiency: 20-I-A.

To the Board of Trustees Myrtue Medical Center

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Myrtue Medical Center's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, non-compliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of non-compliance or other matters that are required to be reported under <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>. However, we noted a certain immaterial instance of non-compliance or other matter which is described in Part II of the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Responses.

Comments involving statutory and other legal matters about the Medical Center's operations for the year ended June 30, 2020 are based exclusively on knowledge obtained from procedures performed during our audit of the financial statements of the Medical Center. Since our audit was based on tests and samples, not all transactions that might have had an impact on the comments were necessarily audited. The comments involving statutory and other legal matters are not intended to constitute legal interpretations of those statutes.

Myrtue Medical Center's Responses to Findings

Myrtue Medical Center's responses to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Responses. Myrtue Medical Center's responses were not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Medical Center's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u> in considering the Medical Center's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Atlantic, Iowa January 21, 2021

MYRTUE MEDICAL CENTER Schedule of Findings and Responses Year ended June 30, 2020

PART I - INTERNAL CONTROL DEFICIENCIES

20-I-A Segregation of Duties:

<u>Criteria</u>: Management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control. A good system of internal control provides for adequate segregation of duties so no one individual handles a transaction from its inception to completion. In order to maintain proper internal control, duties should be segregated so the authorization, custody and recording of transactions are not under the control of the same employee. This segregation of duties helps prevent losses from employee error or dishonesty and maximizes the accuracy of the Medical Center's financial statements.

<u>Condition</u>: A limited number of people have the primary responsibility for most of the accounting and financial reporting duties.

<u>Cause</u>: The Medical Center has a limited number of employees which does not allow procedures to be established to adequately segregate duties or provide compensating controls through additional oversight of transactions and processes.

<u>Effect</u>: Inadequate segregation of duties could adversely affect the Medical Center's ability to prevent or detect and correct misstatements, errors or misappropriation on a timely basis by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions.

<u>Recommendation</u>: We recognize that it may not be economically feasible for the Medical Center to employ additional personnel for the sole purpose of segregating duties, however, it is our professional responsibility to bring this control deficiency to your attention. We recommend that the Board be aware of the lack of segregation of duties and that they act as an oversight group to the accounting personnel.

<u>Response</u>: The Board is aware of this lack of segregation of duties, but it is not economically feasible for the Medical Center to employ additional personnel for this reason. The Board will continue to act as an oversight group.

Conclusion: Response accepted.

MYRTUE MEDICAL CENTER Schedule of Findings and Responses Year ended June 30, 2020

PART II - OTHER FINDINGS RELATED TO REQUIRED STATUTORY REPORTING

<u>20-II-A Certified Budget</u>: Medical Center expenditures during the year ended June 30, 2020 did not exceed amounts budgeted.

<u>20-II-B Questionable Expenses</u>: During the audit, we noted a certain expenditure approved in the Board minutes that may not meet the requirements of public purpose as defined in the Attorney General's opinion dated April 25, 1979. The expense was as follows:

Paid to	Purpose	Amount		
Lidderdale Country Store, Inc.	Employee recognition dinner	\$	7,860	

According to the opinion, it is possible for certain expenses to meet the test of serving a public purpose under certain circumstances, although such expenses will certainly be subject to a deserved close scrutiny. The line to be drawn between a proper and an improper purpose is very thin.

<u>Recommendation</u>: We recommend that the Board continue to document the public purpose of such an expenditure before authorization is given.

<u>Response</u>: The expenditure is considered part of the employee benefit package and the Board feels it meets the requirements of public purpose as defined by the Attorney General's opinion dated April 25, 1979.

Conclusion: Response accepted.

<u>20-II-C Travel Expense</u>: No expenditures of Medical Center money for travel expenses of spouses of Medical Center officials and/or employees were noted.

<u>20-II-D Business Transactions</u>: During our audit, we noted no business transactions with Medical Center employees or officials.

<u>20-II-E Restricted Donor Activity</u>: No transactions were noted between the Medical Center, Medical Center officials, Medical Center employees and restricted donors in compliance with Chapter 68B of the Code of Iowa.

<u>20-II-F Board Minutes</u>: No transactions were found that we believe should have been approved in the Board minutes but were not.

<u>20-II-G Deposits and Investments</u>: We noted no instances of non-compliance with the deposit and investment provisions of Chapter 12B and Chapter 12C of the Code of Iowa and the Medical Center's investment policy.

* * *